In the 1951-61 period, the population growth rate at 30 p.c. came close to approaching the extremely high rate of the first decade of the century. However, the two periods contrast in many ways. In the early period there was a wider dispersal of population increases as whole regions across the Continent were opened up; in the recent period there was a concentration of growth in urban communities although some spreading of population into newly developed northern areas took place. Natural increase accounted for While there was some decline in the death rate, the trend about 75 p.c. of the growth. of natural increase reflected very closely that of the crude birth rate which began to rise during the War and remained high throughout the period. Net immigration accounted for the remainder of the increase; during the decade, 1,542,853 immigrants entered the country, more than double the estimated emigration. While all provinces gained in population during 1951-61, the rates of increase varied widely. The greatest increases resulted from a combination of natural increase and net migration which in the two large provinces of Central Canada and the two most westerly provinces accounted for over 87 p.c. of the total actual increase. In contrast, increases in the other six provinces were entirely accounted for by natural increase.

## 1.—Numerical Distribution of Population by Province, and Percentage Change from Preceding Census, Decennial Census Years 1901-61

Note.—Populations for the decennial census years 1871, 1881 and 1891 are given in the 1956 Year Book, p. 149. The populations of the Prairie Provinces in 1906, 1916, 1926, 1936 and 1946 will be found in the 1951 edition, p. 131, and census populations for 1956 in the 1961 edition, p. 146.

Province or Territory	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	1961
	Numerical Distribution						
Nfld P.E.I. N.S. N.B. Que. Ont. Man. Sask. Alta. B.C. Y.T. N.W.T.	1 103,259 459,574 331,120 1,648,898 2,182,947 255,211 91,279 73,022 178,657 27,219 20,129 5,371,315	1 93,728 492,338 351,889 2,005,776 2,527,292 461,394 492,432 374,295 392,480 8,512 6,507	1 88,615 523,837 387,876 2,360,510 2,933,662 610,118 757,510 588,454 524,582 4,157 8,143	1 88,038 512,846 408,219 2,874,662 3,431,683 700,139 921,785 731,605 694,263 4,230 9,316	1 95,047 577,962 457,401 3,331,882 3,787,655 729,744 895,992 796,169 817,861 4,914 12,028	361, 416 98, 429 642, 584 515, 697 4,055, 681 4,597, 542 776, 541 831, 728 939, 501 1,165, 210 9,096 16,004 14,009,429	457,853 104,629 737,007 597,936 5,259,211 6,236,092 921,686 925,181 1,331,944 1,629,082 14,628 22,998
	Percentage Change from Preceding Census						
Nfld. P.E.I. N.S. N.B. Que. Ont. Man. Sask. Alta. B.C. Y.T.	-5.3 2.0 3.1 10.8 3.2 67.3 — 82.0 —79.7	1 -9.2 7.1 6.3 21.6 15.8 80.8 439.5 412.6 119.7 -68.7	1 -5.5 6.4 10.2 17.7 16.1 32.2 53.8 57.2 33.7 -51.2 25.1	1 -0.7 -2.1 5.2 21.8 17.0 14.8 21.7 24.3 32.3 1.8 14.4	1 8.0 12.7 12.0 15.9 10.4 4.2 -2.8 8.8 17.8 16.2 29.1	3.6 11.2 12.7 21.7 21.4 6.4 -7.2 18.0 42.5 85.1 33.1	26.7 6.3 14.7 15.9 29.7 35.6 18.7 11.2 41.8 39.8 60.8 43.7
Canada	11.1	34.2	21.9	18.1	10.9	21.8	30.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Populations of Newfoundland (not part of Canada until 1949) were: 1901, 220,984; 1911, 242,619; 1921, 263,033; 1931, 281,500 (estimated); 1941, 303,300 (estimated); and 1945, 321,819. 

<sup>2</sup> Includes 485 members of the Royal Canadian Navy recorded separately in 1921.